

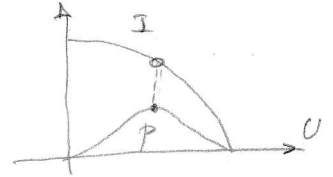
$$\boxed{1} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} I = I_0 - kU^2 \\ I = I_0 \\ U = 0 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} I = 0 \\ U = U_0 = 30 \text{ V} \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} I = I_0 \\ U = 0 \end{array}} \right\} 0 = 10 - k \cdot 30^2 \Rightarrow k = \frac{10}{30^2} = 0,0111$$

$$P = I \cdot U = (I_0 - kU^2) \cdot U = I_0 U - kU^3$$

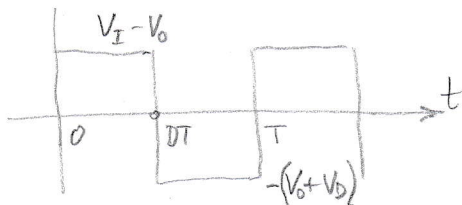
$$\frac{dP}{dU} = I_0 - 3kU^2 = 0 \Rightarrow U_Q^2 = \frac{I_0}{3k} \Rightarrow U_Q = \sqrt{\frac{I_0}{3k}} = \sqrt{\frac{10}{3 \cdot 0,0111}} = 17,32 \text{ V}$$

$$I_Q = I_0 - kU_Q^2 = 10 - 0,0111 \cdot 17,32^2 = 6,67 \text{ A}$$

$$P_Q = U_Q \cdot I_Q = 17,32 \cdot 6,67 = 115,5 \text{ W}$$



$\boxed{2}$



$$\int_0^T v dt = 0$$

$$(V_I - V_0)D - (V_0 + V_b)(1-D) = 0$$

$$V_I D - V_0 D - V_0 + V_b - V_0 + DV_b = 0$$

$$V_I D - V_0 + V_b(D-1) = 0 \Rightarrow V_0 = \frac{V_I D}{1-D} - (1-D)V_b$$

$$V_0 = 0,5 \cdot 12 - (1-0,5) \cdot 1 = 5,5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_0' = V_0 \cdot 0,95 = 5,225 \text{ V}$$

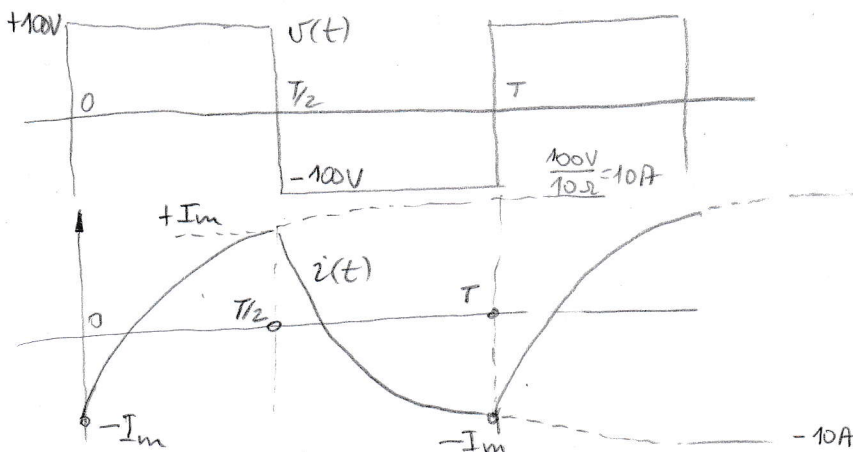
$$(V_I - V_0' - r_{DS(on)} \cdot 20)D - (V_0' + V_b)(1-D) = 0$$

$$(12 - 5,225 - r_{DS(on)} \cdot 20) \cdot 0,5 - (5,225 + 1)(1-0,5) = 0$$

$$(12 - 5,225) \cdot 0,5 - (5,225 + 1)(1-0,5) = r_{DS(on)} \cdot 20 \cdot 0,5$$

$$r_{DS(on)} = \frac{(12 - 5,225) \cdot 0,5 - (5,225 + 1) \cdot 0,5}{10} = 27,5 \text{ m}\Omega$$

$\boxed{3}$



$$i_L(t) = i_L(\infty) + [-I_m - 10] e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}, \quad 0 < t < T/2; \quad i_L(0) = -I_m$$

$$i_L(T/2) = I_m$$

$$I_m = 10 + [-I_m - 10] \cdot e^{-(T/2)/\tau}; \quad \frac{T}{2} = \frac{1}{2f} = 0,5 \text{ ms}; \quad \tau = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{40 \text{ m}}{10} = 4 \text{ ms}; \quad \frac{T}{2} = 2,5 \tau$$

$$I_m = 10 + [-I_m - 10] e^{-2,5} = 10 + [-I_m - 10] \cdot 0,0821$$

$$I_m(1 + 0,0821) = 10 - 0,821 \Rightarrow I_m = 8,48 \text{ A}$$