

① $v_c(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int i_c(t) dt$

$T = \frac{1}{f} = 200 \mu s$; $\frac{T}{2} = 100 \mu s$; $\int_0^{T/2} i_c(t) dt = \frac{I_m \cdot \frac{T}{2}}{2} = \frac{4 \cdot 10^{-4}}{2} = 0,2 mC$

$t_1 = \frac{T}{2}$; $t_2 = T$; $t_3 = \frac{3T}{2}$

a) $v_c(t_1) = \frac{1}{C} \int_0^{t_1} i_c(t) dt = \frac{0,2 \cdot 10^{-3}}{1,5 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 133,3 V$; $W_1 = \frac{1}{2} C \cdot v_c^2(t_1)$

$W_1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,5 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 133,3^2 = 13,3 mJ$

b) $v_c(t_2) = \frac{1}{C} \int_0^{t_1} i_c(t) dt + \frac{1}{C} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} i_c(t) dt = 133,3 - 133,3 = 0V$; $W_2 = 0$

c) $v_c(t_3) = \frac{1}{C} \int_0^{t_1} i_c(t) dt + \frac{1}{C} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} i_c(t) dt + \frac{1}{C} \int_{t_2}^{t_3} i_c(t) dt$

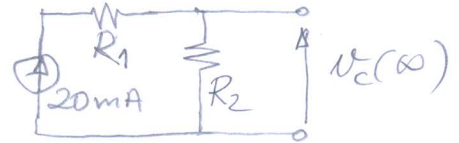
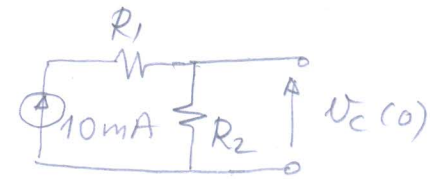
$v_c(t_3) = 133,3 - 133,3 + 133,3 = 133,3V$; $W_3 = W_1 = 13,3 mJ$

② $v_c(t) = v_c(\infty) + [v_c(0) - v_c(\infty)] e^{-t/\tau}$

$v_c(0) = R_2 I_{in1} = 1 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10 \cdot 10^{-3} = 10V$

$v_c(\infty) = R_2 I_{in2} = 1 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 20 \cdot 10^{-3} = 20V$

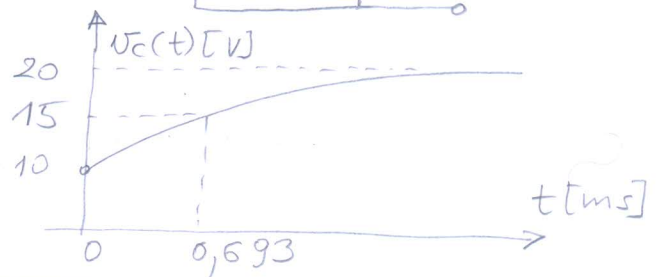
$\tau = R_2 \cdot C = 1 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-6} = 1ms$



$15 = 20 + [10 - 20] e^{-t_1/\tau}$

$5 = 10 \cdot e^{-t_1/\tau}$

$t_1 = \tau \cdot \ln \frac{10}{5} = 10^{-3} \cdot \ln 2 = 0,693 ms$



③ $V_o = -\frac{R_t}{R_i} \cdot V_{cc} + (1 + \frac{R_t}{R_i}) \cdot V_{ref}$

$\frac{2000}{R_i} = x$, $R_i = \frac{2000}{x}$

$0 = -\frac{2000}{R_i} \cdot 12 + (1 + \frac{2000}{R_i}) \cdot V_{ref} \Rightarrow 0 = -12x + (1+x)V_{ref}$

$-10 = -\frac{4000}{R_i} \cdot 12 + (1 + \frac{4000}{R_i}) \cdot V_{ref} \leftarrow V_{ref} = \frac{12x}{1+x}$

$-10 = -12 \cdot 2x + (1+2x) \frac{12x}{1+x} \quad / \cdot (1+x)$

$-10(1+x) = -24x(x+1) + (1+2x)12x$

$-10 - 10x = -24x^2 - 24x + 12x + 24x^2 \Rightarrow -10 + 2x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 5$; $R_i = 400 \Omega$

$V_{ref} = \frac{12 \cdot 5}{1+5} = 10V$